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PAUL FRANCIS SCHLICK



Paul Francis Schlick, nephew of General von Hindenburg, and Yale graduate, has placed at the disposal of the United States government a new device for fighting submarines. Young Schlick's mother is von Hindenburg's sister. She is the wife of Frank Schlick, a St. Paul, Minn., business man. Schlick has joined the United States navy and is now in European waters. Another war invention, the character of which is kept secret has been offered by him to Uncle Sam.

U. S. TO TAKE GRAIN

Personnel of Committee That Will Fix Wheat Price.

Food Control Administration Forms a Corporation With Herbert C. Hoover as Chairman.

Washington, Aug. 16.—Food Administrator Herbert C. Hoover announced the personnel of the committee that will fix the price of wheat in the U. S. The men are:

Chairman H. A. Garfield, president Williams college; William N. Donk, Roanoke, Va., vice president of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen; Eugene E. Funk, Bloomington, Ill., president National Corn association; Edw. W. Ladd, Fargo, N. D., president North Dakota Agricultural college; R. Goodwyn Rhott, Charleston, S. C., president chamber of commerce of the U. S.; J. W. Shorthill, York, Neb., secretary National Council of Farmers' Co-operative associations; James W. Sullivan, Brooklyn, of the American Federation of Labor; L. J. Tabor, Barnesville, Ohio, master Ohio State grange; Frank W. Taussig, chairman federal tariff commission; Theo. N. Vanl, New York, president American Independent Telegraph company; Henry J. Walters, Manhattan, Kan., president Kansas Agricultural college.

The executives of the wheat purchasing division were announced as follows: Chairman, Herbert C. Hoover; president, Julius Barnes, Duluth, Minn.; treasurer, Gates W. McGarrath, president of the Mechanics and Metals bank, New York; vice president, F. G. Crowell, of Kansas City; transportation director, Edward Chambers, vice president of the Santa Fe railroad of Chicago; counsel, Judge Curtis H. Lindley of San Francisco; secretary, J. W. Shorthill of York, Neb.

At the same time, the president, through an executive order, created a food administration grain corporation with a capitalization of \$50,000,000 to be operated by the grain division with the government as sole stockholder.

TO MOBILIZE IN THE EAST

"Rainbow Division" of the National Guard Will Encamp at Mineola, Long Island.

Washington, Aug. 16.—The "rainbow division" of the National Guard, the formation of which was announced Tuesday under the official designation of the Forty-second, will mobilize at Mineola, Long Island, it was announced by the war department. The camp will be designated Camp Albert L. Mills, in honor of the major general, who was chief of the militia bureau and did much to bring the guard to its present efficiency.

Finns Fire on Russ.

Helsingfors, Aug. 16.—In an exchange of shots between Russian troops and unknown persons here, several Finns were killed and others wounded. The disturbance began when the soldiers were fired upon from a crowd.

FIGHT TOGETHER, JAPAN'S MESSAGE

"Forget Little Molehills," Ishii Implores Americans at Pacific Coast Reception.

MISSION GETS WARM WELCOME

Asks Clearer Vision of Pitfalls Dug by Cunning Enemy of Both Nations—Hopes Conflict Last War in Human History.

A Pacific Port, Aug. 16.—A new day among nations, in which Japan and America shall "forget the little molehills that have been exaggerated into mountains to bar our good relations" and "march together, work together and fight together as comrades" was proclaimed here last night by Viscount K. Ishii, ambassador extraordinary and plenipotentiary to the United States.

Having a special mission, Viscount Ishii spoke for his government at a dinner tendered him by this municipality, acting as host on behalf of the federal government, this state and the resident citizens.

Recalls Port Arthur. Guests at the banquet were electrified when the mayor of the city declared:

"We remember Kuroki and Nogi at Port Arthur. We rejoice to know that the successors of these men now come to fight shoulder to shoulder with our boys in khaki. We appreciate that in the present war the sea lanes have been kept open by your navy." A tremendous outburst greeted the statement of Chairman Gavin McNabe that Secretary Lansing had sent a telegram to the effect that an entire company of Japanese boys in Hawaii had joined the United States army.

Indorses U. S. Aims. The viscount was presented by Mr. McNabe. He said:

"Our message is that in this day, through its hours of shadow or of sunshine, your purpose is our purpose, your road our road and your goal our goal. It is that America and Japan will march together, work together and fight together as comrades until the end has been reached and the victory won in the struggle which involves our rights and our liberties."

"We are here to say that in this tremendous struggle for those rights and liberties, America and Japan are bound together; that when the victory of the allied forces is secure, America and Japan should so live that your sons and our sons will have a certainty of good neighborhood; so live that no word or deed of either can be looked upon with suspicion; that venomous gossip, hired slander, sinister intrigues and influence, all of which we have both been the victims, can in future only serve to bring us closer together for mutual protection and for the common welfare."

Make Pacific Safe.

"We cannot either of us take risks. It becomes the first duty of Japan and America to guard the Pacific and to insure safe continuous intercourse between Asia and the United States; to see to it that the ships of the ferocious pirates whose crimes upon the high seas can never be palliated find no shelter in the waters of our seas."

"It is for us together to continue to enforce respect for law and humanity upon the Pacific, from which the German menace was removed at the commencement of the war."

"In the dawning of this new day of stress and strain let us forget the little molehills that have been exaggerated into mountains to bar our good relations. Let us see together with a clearer vision the pitfalls dug by a cunning enemy in our path. Let us together fix our eyes upon the star of principle which shall lead us together most surely to a participation in the triumph of the right, to a certain victory in the greatest and, let us hope, the last great war in human history."

PRINTERS GET BIG BOOST

Wage Increases \$4,000,000 for Last Year Are Reported by International Typographical Union.

New York, Aug. 16.—Wage increases amounting to \$4,000,000 annually were obtained by the members of the International Typographical union in the last fiscal year, the union announced. Gross earnings of members of the union during the last year amounted to \$89,652,431. The membership increased 1,119 and 12 more subordinate unions were added.

China Seizes Three Austrian Ships. Shanghai, Aug. 16.—Three Austrian merchantmen interned in the harbor have been taken over by Chinese naval forces. The ships were undamaged and no resistance was offered.

PATRIOTS



INDICT 105 FOR E. ST. LOUIS RIOT

Grand Jury Inquiry in Illinois Town Brings Sixty-Eight True Bills.

12 OF ACCUSED ARRESTED

Warrants Served on White Man and Eleven Negroes—Murder, Arson, Rioting and Conspiracy Charged as Result of Fight.

Belleville, Ill., Aug. 16.—Sixty-eight indictments against 105 persons, the charges including murder, arson, conspiracy, rioting and assault to murder, were returned by the grand jury which has been investigating the race riots in East St. Louis, July 1 to 3.

A special report accompanying the indictment goes into the history of the riots and gives what is believed to have been conditions causing it, recommending remedies.

Serve Warrants on Twelve.

Warrants issued on the indictments were served on one white man and eleven negroes.

Richard Brockway, a claim agent for the East St. Louis & Suburban railway, charged with conspiracy, was arrested in East St. Louis and taken to the jail at Belleville on his request that he be permitted to apply for a writ of habeas corpus.

The following negroes, in the jail at Belleville, where they have been prisoners on coroner's mittimus since the riots, were served with warrants charging murder, the offense alleged being the fatal shooting of Detective Sergeant Samuel Copridge and Detective Frank Wadley at Tenth and Bond streets on the night of July 1: Fayette Parker, Othaniel Peoples, Charles Foster and Marshall Alexander.

Other Negroes Arrested.

Other negroes arrested and placed in jail are Ben Smotherman, Matt Hayes, George Roberts, Thomas Tackett, Guy Moore, Robert A. Hughes, William Palmer and "Bud" Towson.

The names of others indicted will not be given until the men are arrested. It is known that indictments were found against two white women.

Attorney General Edward F. Brundage of Illinois, under whom the investigation has been conducted, arrived in Belleville, and a few hours afterward the grand jury, which has been in session a month, appeared before Judge Crow and made its report.

LA FOLLETTE RESOLUTION HIT

Senator Lewis Introduces Measure to Stop Congressional Interference in Conduct of Peace Moves.

Washington, Aug. 16.—Senator Lewis of Illinois, Democratic whip, introduced a resolution to stop congressional interference in the conduct of peace negotiations.

The resolution, designed as a substitute for the La Follette peace resolution introduced Saturday, declares that congressional peace moves at this time will be embarrassing to the administration.

SPANISH STRIKERS IN CLASH

Soldiers Quell Barcelona Riot With Bullets—Madrid Under Strict Military Rule.

Paris, Aug. 16.—Six persons were killed and nine others were wounded when strikers clashed yesterday with soldiers at Barcelona, according to a statement issued by the Spanish captain general, and received here by the Petit Parisien.

CANADIANS TAKE GERMAN POSITION

Hill No. 70, Teuton Stronghold Dominating City of Lens, Is Captured.

BRITISH IN THE ENVIRONS

French Make Considerable Progress West of Dixmude Road—Repulse German Attack Near Meuse—Slaves Shatter Enemy.

British Front in France and Belgium, Aug. 16.—Hill No. 70, the famous stronghold northwest of the French mining city of Lens, which dominates the city and the Loos salient, was captured by the Canadian forces. The British also pushed their lines into the northwestern environs of Lens in a semicircle around the eastern side of Hill No. 70. The British attack was made on a 4,000-yard front, which had an extreme depth of 1,500 yards.

Haig and Petain in Drives.

London, Aug. 16.—Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig's forces attacked the German positions along a wide front early this morning from Lens to northeast of Loos. The official statement says the British are making progress satisfactorily. General Haig reports that the British troops have carried the German first line at all points of front attack. The statement reads:

"We attacked early this morning on a wide front from the northwestern outskirts of Lens to the Bois Hugo, northeast of Loos."

"Our troops have carried the German first lines of defense at all points and are making satisfactory progress."

"A hostile counter-attack east of the Cite St. Emille was completely crushed."

"Our allies gained further ground during the night northwest of Bixchoote."

"Hostile raiding parties attacked our new positions last night east of Klein Zillebeke, but were completely repulsed, leaving 14 prisoners in our hands."

"The stormy weather continues. Heavy rain again has fallen."

French Make Big Advance.

Paris, Aug. 16.—The French attacked in Belgium at night and made a considerable advance in the region of the Dixmude road, the war office announced.

The Germans directed a heavy artillery fire against the French first lines on the Aisne front between Hurtebise and Craonne. On the Verdun front the French repulsed German attacks. The statement follows:

"In Belgium our troops made considerable progress west of the Dixmude road."

Aisne Front Line Bombarded.

Between Hurtebise and Craonne our front lines were bombarded heavily. A surprise attack against one of our small posts on Vauclerc plateau was repulsed completely.

The artillery fighting continued with great activity all night on both banks of the Meuse. To the left of the river we repulsed an enemy attack west of Hill No. 304."

Teuton Divisions Shattered.

London, Aug. 16.—A belated Romanian official communication dated last Saturday and just received here, describes the battle on the Putna in the greatest in the entire campaign.

Nine German and one Austrian division, which had been engaged in the desperate enemy mass attacks during four days and nights, aided by numerous pieces of heavy artillery, were shattered before the line, which was defended fiercely by the Russo-Romanian troops, who, in hand-to-hand combats and energetic counter-attacks, inflicted enormous losses on the enemy.

GEORGE REPLIES TO POPE

British Premier Says Allies Are Fighting for Victory for Democracy Over Autocracy.

London, Aug. 16.—Premier Lloyd George, in a speech which was generally regarded as an answer to Pope Benedict's peace proposals, declared that the allies are fighting for one thing only: "Victory for democracy over autocratic aggression."

TROOPS SEIZE IRISH RIFLES

Raid the Headquarters of the National Volunteers in Dublin—No Arrests.

Dublin, Aug. 16.—Police and soldiers raided the premises of the Irish National Volunteers, commanded by Colonel Moore. They seized 100 rifles and 1,800 rounds of blank cartridges. No arrests were made.

ALAN GARRETT ANDERSON



Alan Garrett Anderson, formerly vice chairman of the British wheat commission, is now controller of naval construction. He is a son of Dr. Elizabeth G. Anderson, a well-known physician and the first woman to be elected a mayor in England.

KAISER URGED MOVE

Diplomats Sense Hand of Germany in Peace Offer.

Representative of Neutral at Washington Says Berlin Will Never Cede Alsace-Lorraine.

Washington, Aug. 16.—Nothing has occurred to change America's war aims, and these are substantially those of France and England, it was officially announced at the state department.

London, Aug. 16.—The outline of the Vatican's peace proposals received here demands the restoration of all German colonies to Germany.

Summed up the proposals are for a restoration of the status quo ante bellum with all questions as to the readjustment of frontiers to be left to undefined "subsequent negotiations."

"These so-called peace terms have a distinct German flavor." This reply was given in an authoritative quarter in London in reply to a question by a correspondent in regard to the Vatican proposals.

The opinion was expressed that the inspiration for the peace move probably emanated from Austria and was in the nature of a trial balloon, as a prelude to more definite propositions from the central powers to the allies.

Washington, Aug. 16.—The diplomatic representative of one neutral European country said that while the central powers might be willing to make peace on the terms outlined in the pope's communication, Germany would never be willing to relinquish Alsace-Lorraine while she remained uncrushed. He believed Germany would suffer the loss of her colonies, be content to return Belgium and Serbia, recognize the autonomy of Poland and even pay a huge sum in indemnities but would fight to the last for Alsace-Lorraine and by no means for sentimental reasons but because possession of these provinces was necessary for her economic existence.

Representative Thomas Heflin of Alabama said:

"Germany forced us into this war against our will. We did everything in our power to stay out of it. We informed Germany time and again of our wish to remain at peace with her. She dragged us into it and we are now preparing to strike. This is no time to discuss terms of peace. Military despotism must be destroyed."

ROMANOFF FAMILY IS MOVED

Ordinary Train Takes Place of Gorgeous Cars Formerly Used—Nicholas Is Sad.

Petrograd, Aug. 16.—Nicholas Romanoff, the ex-tsar, and his family are being transferred to another point. They were removed in an ordinary train instead of the gorgeous imperial train on which Nicholas was brought to the palace. The former emperor appeared to be very much depressed. His wife, Alexandra, seemed to be pleased over the prospect of a change.

NEW SWISS MISSION ARRIVES

Dr. Jean Adolphe Sulzer, Recently Appointed Minister, Is One of Party.

An Atlantic Port, Aug. 16.—Dr. Jean Adolphe Sulzer, recently appointed as minister to the United States from Switzerland, arrived here on a Spanish steamship. Accompanying Doctor Sulzer was a commission of three men, representatives of commercial and financial interests in Switzerland, sent here to represent their country in matters having to do with trade relations, particularly that of food supplies.